



# Deep Green

How financial firms can turn  
sustainability ambition into action

Our recent study shows where the banking and capital markets industries are falling short in their sustainability efforts—and how they can course-correct.





# Table of contents

<b>Introduction</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>The calculus of the low-carbon economy</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Enthusiasm followed by inaction</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Recommendations</b>	
#1 Step up your game in data and tech	<b>7</b>
#2 Look inside: Examine your company's governance, culture and skills	<b>11</b>
#3 Tackle financed emissions head-on	<b>15</b>
<b>Final word</b>	<b>19</b>
<b>About the authors</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>Methodology</b>	<b>21</b>

# Introduction

2023 is the year the sustainability transition hit the financial sector hard and fast.

Like all industries, the banking and capital markets sectors have faced almost daily evidence that global climate-related change is occurring **far faster** than experts had predicted. But the financial services industry has a more complex relationship with greenhouse gas emissions and other environmental concerns than most: The sector's greatest environmental impact doesn't stem from its own operations and supply chains but from the financed emissions emanating from its loans and investments.

Now, findings from our recent study, conducted in partnership with Oxford Economics, pinpoint where banks and capital markets groups are progressing in their push toward reducing their environmental footprint—and where they're falling dramatically short. (Click [here](#) to read our full cross-industry report, "Deep Green: How data, technology and collaboration will drive the next phase of sustainability in business.")

While banking and capital markets leaders widely embrace environmental, social and corporate governance (ESG) issues, the research findings are unsettling:

- **Few companies are applying the advanced technologies**—such as advanced analytics and supply-and-demand simulations—that could make their sustainability initiatives far more targeted and meaningful
- **Accountability for top executives** for delivering against sustainability targets is almost nonexistent
- **Less than one-third of banking and capital markets companies** increased their spending on sustainability in recent years

It's impossible to overstate the importance of the banking and capital markets sector to global sustainability efforts. As Inger Andersen, executive director of the UN Environment Programme [said recently](#), "If finance won't move, the world won't move."

Now is the time for the financial services sector to make its move. In the following pages, we offer guidance on how it can.

“ If finance won't move,  
the world won't move. ”

**Inger Andersen**  
Executive Director  
UN Environment Programme





# The calculus of the low-carbon economy

In the bruising calculus of today's global economy, sustainability carries both risk and great opportunity for the financial services sector.

The rise of carbon pricing and the growing competitiveness and attractiveness of “cleaner” products—from electric vehicles to alternative proteins—threaten to increase the cost of capital for emissions-intensive businesses, resulting in “[stranded assets](#),” as assets related to high-emitting activities lose economic viability. The alarming increase in extreme weather is also churning up [liability issues](#) related to financing activities associated with [global warming](#) and [biodiversity loss](#).

Yet the sector's focus on sustainability—and on advancing its digital reach—is also remaking many aspects of the business. For example:

- Retail and commercial banks and payments providers are using cloud-based payments hubs to enable real-time transactions that power more efficient operations and reduce the need for cash and paper receipts
- Virtual cards are eliminating the need for plastic PVC cards
- Financial management tools are shaking up the digital banking customer experience by allowing businesses and consumers to track their carbon footprint and the impact of their spending on sustainability
- Capital markets groups are looking to embed sustainability data across their portfolios and throughout their internal operations

# Enthusiasm followed by inaction

It's unsurprising that, according to our study, sustainability awareness is nearly universal among respondents. Ninety-nine percent say they're committed to achieving net zero. Most are bullish on sustainability and have checked off the easy tasks.

## The industry is bullish on sustainability . . .

**65%**

say sustainability is important to their overall business strategy

**67%**

expect their efforts to improve sustainability will have a positive impact on their financial performance by 2025

## . . . and many have taken basic first steps.

**84%**

use digital tools for greater operational efficiency

**70%**

recycle waste from back-office operations

Enthusiasm followed by inaction

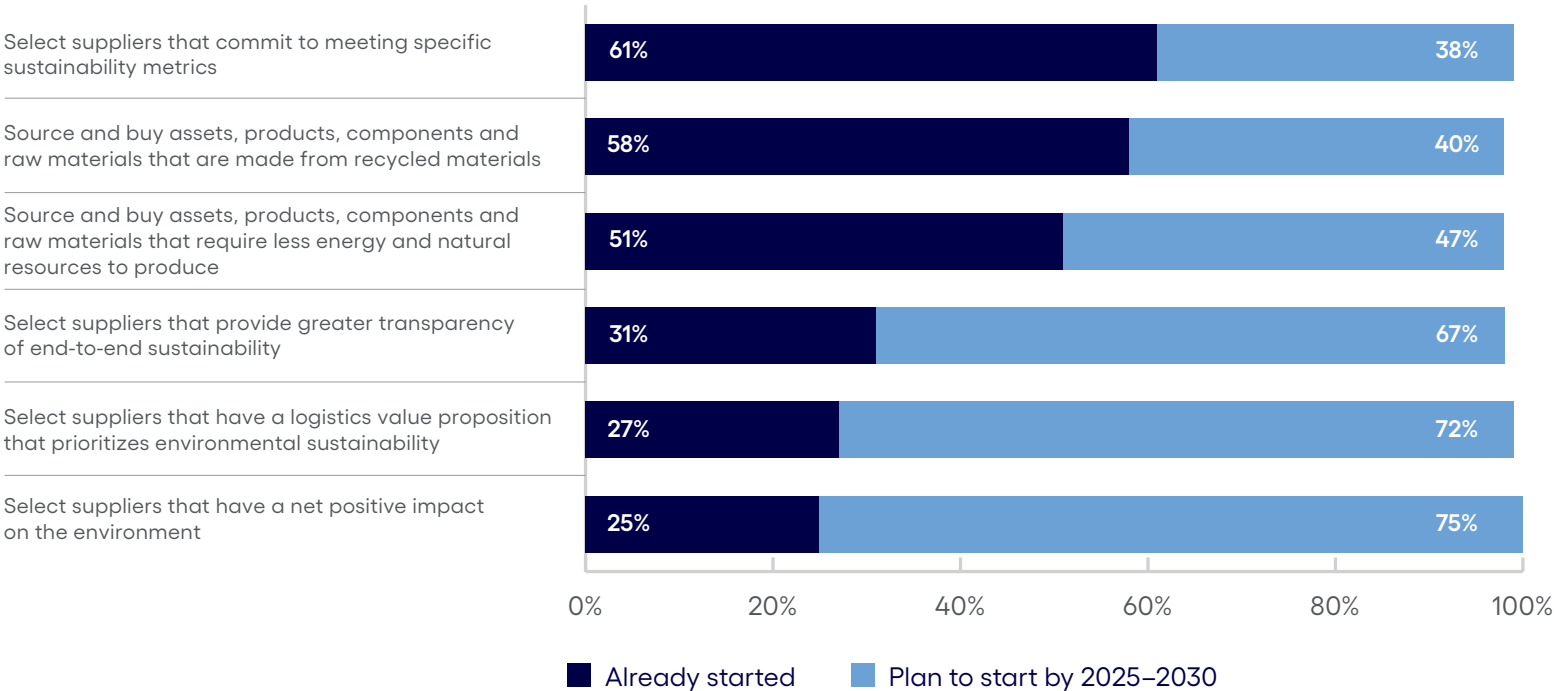
But the industry appears to have, so far, pulled back from making the harder decisions—and backing them with budget. A scant 27% increased their spending on environmental sustainability in the 2020-2022 timeframe. Few have implemented sustainability initiatives in their supply chain. One-third or less currently select suppliers that provide transparent, end-to-end sustainability or prioritize environmental sustainability. Only 25% select suppliers that have a positive impact on the environment (see Figure 1).

Clearly, many banking and capital markets groups are in the earliest stages of implementing—and understanding the impact of—their sustainability policies. The stakes are high, and time is short to make the necessary changes.

Here are our recommendations for how organizations can prioritize their use of data and technology, rethink their organization and tackle financed emissions.

Figure 1: Slow start on supply chain sustainability

Q: When did you start, or do you plan to start, implementing the following initiatives related to improving the environmental sustainability of your supply chain?



Source: Cognizant Research  
Base: 295 senior banking and capital markets executives



# Recommendation #1

Step up your game in data and tech

# Step up your game in data and tech

It's no secret that data and tech are key to banking and capital markets players' ability to raise their sustainability game. After all, 70% of respondents say their progress in digital transformation positively impacts their sustainability goals.

What's more, when asked what's most important to get right in sustainability initiatives, the top answer is the combination of data, analysis, reporting and performance management, cited by 39%.

Yet few respondents follow their own advice.

Despite working in data-intensive industries, less than half (44%) of respondents currently use analytics tools to spot opportunities for improving their sustainability efforts (see Figure 2). Of those that do, just 19% say it's a major initiative.

Similarly, just one-third (32%) are using supply-and-demand simulations and virtual models to optimize resource usage, and of those, only one-third (33%) say the effort is a major initiative.

Respondents whose organizations have upped their use of analytics highlight the extent of the missed opportunity: Of the 44% that use analytics tools to improve sustainability, 70% rate them as effective or very effective.

**44% of respondents use analytics to identify areas of sustainability improvement. Of those that do, 70% rate them as effective or very effective.**

**Figure 2: Low use of analytics for sustainability initiatives**

Q: Select if you currently have the following data, analytics and reporting capabilities.

**54%**

Targets and budgets are set for planned improvements on environmental initiatives

**39%**

Improvements in environmental performance measures are included in managers' budgets

**45%**

Can report timely, reliable data on performance of sustainability initiatives

**39%**

Regularly report progress against sustainability targets in management reports

**44%**

Have analytics tools to generate insights on areas to improve sustainability

**19%**

Incentivize and reward managers for achieving environmental targets

Source: Cognizant Research  
Base: 295 senior banking and capital markets executives



**Action item: Conduct a detailed analysis** of your organization’s opportunities and shortcomings in sustainability, and then identify the technologies to meet corporate goals.

Our findings show it takes a suite of technologies to improve sustainability performance (see Figure 3). Swedbank AB’s experience highlights how financial organizations can bring technologies together into a comprehensive solution.

The bank, one of Sweden’s largest, wanted to act quickly to achieve its sustainability goals and meet a host of regulatory requirements. But its analysis found that much of the necessary data was stored in hard-to-access sources like spreadsheets, local databases and CSV files.

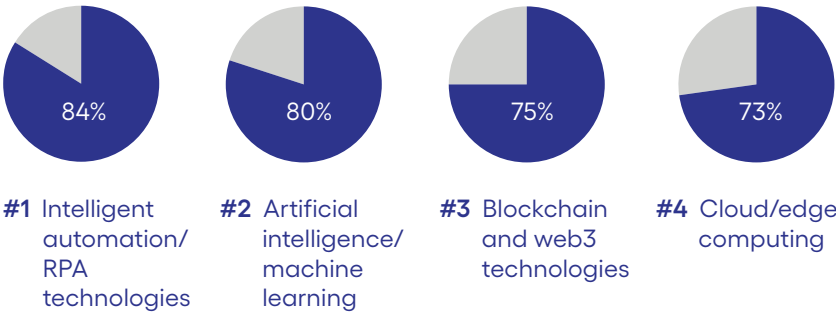
To streamline its ESG data collection and build reporting capabilities, the bank created a technical and functional roadmap for data gathering, analysis and disclosure. It also built a platform to keep pace with evolving regulations and shifting market demand.

In some cases, government is stepping in to advance financial services’ use of data and technology. Singapore has made a big bet on **AI as a tool** for its financial sector, and the initiative’s pilot effort is evaluating environmental impact and risk.

Announced in 2022, Singapore’s sustainability pilot targets the real estate sector, which accounts for a **disproportionate share** of global energy consumption and CO2 emissions. The **AI tool** conducts a risk assessment of sustainability-linked loans’ origination, underwriting and servicing. Armed with the information, lenders can compare corporate borrowers’ environmental performance against their peers.

**Figure 3: Most effective technologies for sustainability**

Q: Please rate how effective each technology is for improving sustainability performance. (Percent reporting each as effective or very effective)



Source: Cognizant Research

**Action item: Begin building the ecosystem** that will allow you to benchmark for carbon emissions and investment performance. An extensive provider ecosystem is available to assist banks and capital markets groups with iterating and executing against goals.

For example, ESG ratings providers are becoming increasingly central to sustainability initiatives. Companies often engage with [at least six](#) agencies. However, the providers have [come under criticism](#) for the lack of standardization and transparency across their indexes and ratings.

When it comes to [selecting the ESG reporting standards](#) they'll adhere to, asset managers are bound by regulatory requirements and client mandates. For example, the International Sustainability Standards Board recently released its inaugural standards—IFRS S1 and IFRS S2—with the hope of ushering in a new era of sustainability-related disclosures in capital markets worldwide.

While all parts of the ecosystem play a role in transparency, the onus for auditing and tracking compliance is ultimately with banks and wealth managers. Managing compliance requires following the lifecycle of sustainability from origin to deployment and then analyzing real-time metrics to enforce standards and inform future planning. Complex data lineage can track sustainable origins, but blockchain and token-based tracking offer greater accuracy and governance.

**Action item: Plan ahead for tech obsolescence.** Banks and capital markets companies have substantial IT architecture budgets, which translates into large amounts of hardware. The problem comes when this technology is no longer needed or deemed obsolete, whether by increased cloud migration, transition to newer platforms or natural phasing out of the model.

With growing e-waste worldwide, it is crucial that banks and capital markets companies partner with e-waste recycling providers to get rid of older technology responsibly. DBS Bank in Singapore, for instance, [works with Virogreen](#) to recycle its computing equipment, in addition to working with employees to reuse devices such as corporate mobile phones as much as possible when in need of a spare or replacement device.

Managing compliance requires following the lifecycle of sustainability from origin to deployment and then analyzing real-time metrics to enforce standards and inform future planning.






# Recommendation #2

Look inside: Examine your company's governance, culture and skills





# Look inside: Examine your company's governance, culture and skills

Without an organization set up to support sustainability, even committed leaders who are applying the best technology solutions will fail. Often overlooked in the move to improve sustainability is the foundation of corporate governance, culture and skills that's needed to support the effort.

## Governance

An effective approach to sustainability requires responsible management and oversight. It's critical to not only appoint a chief sustainability officer but also to empower the office with a clear mandate and budget.

Studies show more companies are granting CSOs the access they need: **76% of CSOs** sit on the corporate leadership team today vs. just 41% in 2011, according to the Weinreb Group, ESG talent recruitment firm. CSOs are also beginning to **influence corporate strategy**, interacting with investors and joining the CEO and CFO in meetings with analysts and portfolio managers who hold the company's stock.

Banks and capital markets groups should build in mechanisms that ensure each business function understands its role in sustainability. For example, the **evolution of board oversight** at Standard Chartered PLC shows how governance of climate-related issues is a work in progress.

After establishing several internal committees to support the management and monitoring of climate change and its impacts, the bank formed additional committees to embed sustainability governance more deeply into its organization. It named a subcommittee to oversee sustainability strategy and monitor implementation of the sustainability framework, and another committee to review sustainable finance offerings.

## Culture

There's truth to the adage that culture flows from the top. But it doesn't happen automatically. It takes effective and continuous communication to bring home the message that sustainability is a key priority. While our survey underscores respondents' confidence on this count—67% agree their organization has a strong culture of environmental sustainability—success takes action.

Banks and capital markets groups should back internal messaging with actions that make everyone in the company responsible for sustainability. In its 2022 Responsible Investment [Report](#), for example, Geneva-based private bank Pictet details its proactive steps, such as increasing the size of its central ESG team, mobilizing a network of 50 ESG champions across the firm and establishing a comprehensive internal training program to strengthen ESG expertise. Pictet, one of the world's [biggest managers](#) of top-ranked ESG funds, has also accelerated its active ownership activities.

While sustainability's profile is rising within banks and capital markets companies, it is often an afterthought assigned a paragraph, or a couple of pages, toward the back of annual reports. Its elevation to strategic imperative will occur when ESG-related metrics become part of impact assessments and funding decisions, as well as investment financial returns and risk profiles.

While our survey underscores respondents' confidence on this count—67% agree their organization has a strong culture of environmental sustainability—success takes action.



## Skills

Lack of sustainability expertise tops the list of sustainability challenges. Thirty-eight percent of respondents identified scarcity and cost of specialized talent as their biggest headache—the number-one response in a list of 13 (see Figure 4).

Consultants help to fill the gap, with 40% of respondents expecting to see a large increase in demand for sustainability consultants through 2025. For 35% of respondents, however, training and upskilling employees is the top priority; 20% plan to focus on external recruiting.

**38% of respondents identified scarcity and cost of specialized talent as their biggest headache—the number-one response in a list of 13**

Banks and capital markets groups need to ensure the workforce is equipped with the required sustainability skills. IT and data officers also require reskilling to support evolving business needs around sustainability initiatives. External hiring of sustainability talent is likely to happen on several fronts, including ESG analysts and sustainability risk officers.

Financial firms also need to develop incentives that matter. The most effective incentives begin at the top—and that's not happening in banking and capital markets: According to our survey, 70% of CEOs sign off on their organizations' sustainability strategy, but only 9% are accountable for delivering it and have their performance measured against sustainability targets. Equally troubling, incentives aren't being implemented further down the hierarchy. Just 19% of respondents incentivize and reward managers for achieving sustainability targets.

**Figure 4: Top challenge: talent scarcity**

Q: Which of the following internal challenges inhibit progress toward setting and achieving your sustainability initiatives?

**38%**

Lack, scarcity or high cost of specialized talent

**33%**

Lack of alignment between business units and stakeholders

**37%**

Lack of awareness, skills or broader understanding of sustainability among staff

**32%**

Inflexible or inefficient business processes

**36%**

Lack of strategic clarity of sustainability roadmap

**32%**

Mature technology solutions suitable for our business are not available

Source: Cognizant Research  
Base: 295 senior banking and capital markets executives



# Recommendation #3

Tackle financed emissions head-on



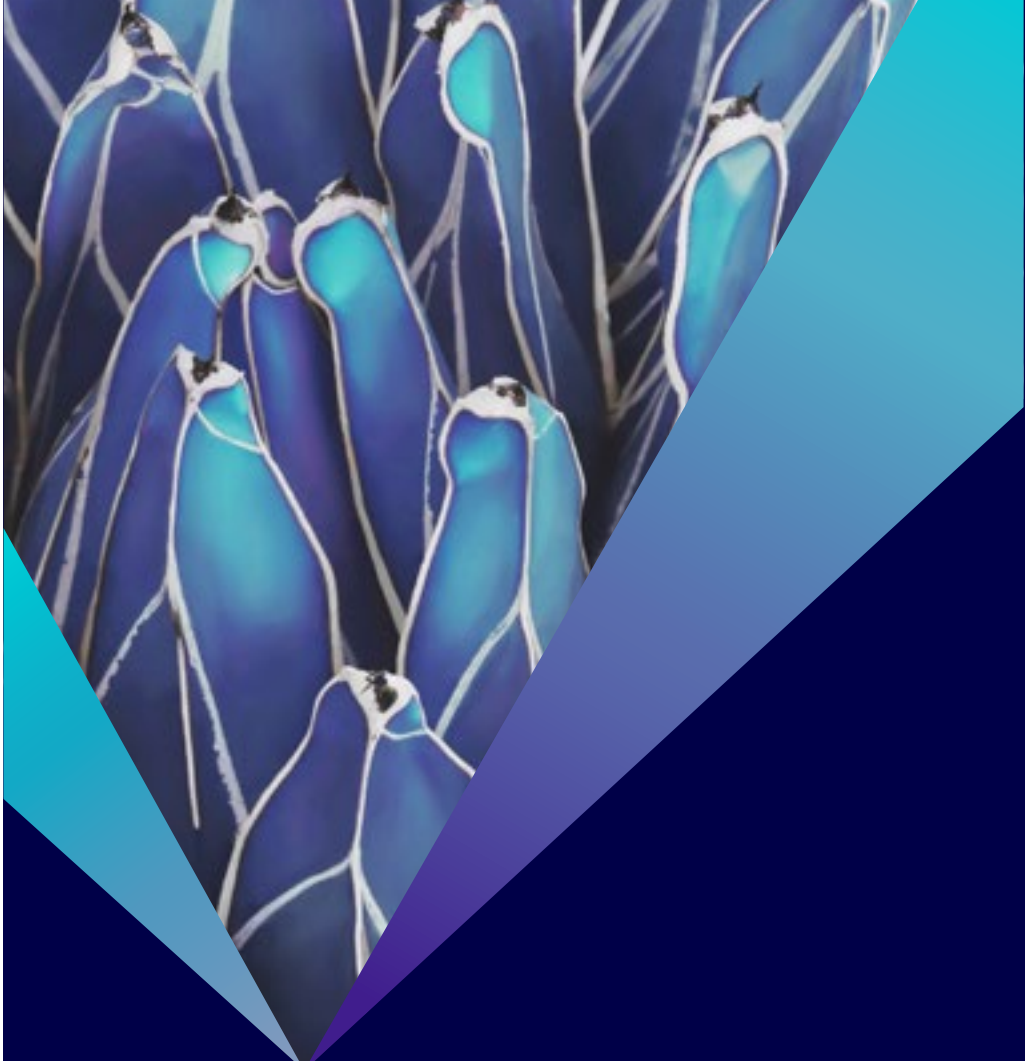
# Tackle financed emissions head-on

Any measures to advance toward sustainability goals will make little difference unless banking and capital markets groups address the financed emissions that dwarf the rest of the industry's environmental impact. Financed emissions are **700 times** larger than the reported operational emissions of banks, global asset managers, asset owners and insurers.

While industry organizations such as the [Net Zero Banking Alliance](#) and the [Net Zero Asset Managers](#) have signed up hundreds of members, researchers question the efficacy of such efforts. A [report](#) from the Columbia Center on Sustainable Investment, for example, points out that climate-related pledges, alliances and frameworks can confuse investment risk mitigation with sustainability action and leave financial services reliant on metrics that may not be fit for purpose.

Our survey underscores those findings. Only 47% of respondents have currently implemented initiatives to redesign products and services to have a net positive impact on the environment. The rest plan to launch initiatives in 2025 or later.

The concern is that waiting is not a viable strategy, as 2023 has taught the industry there's not a moment to lose.



Only 47% of respondents have implemented initiatives to redesign products and services to have a net positive impact on the environment. The rest plan to launch such initiatives in 2025 or later.



### **Action item: Conduct a comprehensive baseline inventory of financed emissions—and act on it.**

There's no question that this first step can be difficult. Banks and capital markets companies need to find out the emissions information of their invested companies and lending customers. However, this data does not always exist.

As a result, banks need to work with their clients and invested companies to help them implement the technology needed to both understand how much they are emitting and reduce those emissions.

Initial efforts at reporting on emissions from invested companies and lending customers won't be perfect. Apollo Global Management made this point when it garnered headlines in June by publishing the emissions linked to its investments—a **rare move** among asset management firms.

Initial efforts at reporting on emissions from invested companies and lending customers won't be perfect. Apollo Global Management made this point when it garnered headlines in June by publishing the emissions linked to its investments—a **rare move** among asset management firms. Apollo's disclosure was eye-popping: 3.9 million tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub>-equivalent emissions for \$39.4 billion of assets, which is equivalent to the emissions of 870,000 cars. Apollo was undeterred that the figures relate to just 6.6% of its assets under management.

"At this juncture, the number isn't the most important thing," Dave Stangis, Apollo's Chief Sustainability Officer told Bloomberg. "It's how do we onboard this capability and how do we build expertise and familiarity. It's continuous improvements. If we waited for perfection, the sustainability report would be a page long."

**Action item: Involve clients and investees.** Sustainability takes a collective effort: Without investees' participation, banks will be unable to achieve the goals for Scope 3 emissions generated by a company's supply chain and products in service.

As one Canada-based industry executive told us in an interview: "We're working with clients to help them progress toward the net zero targets, which will, in return, help us become partners toward their transition to a combined net zero goal."





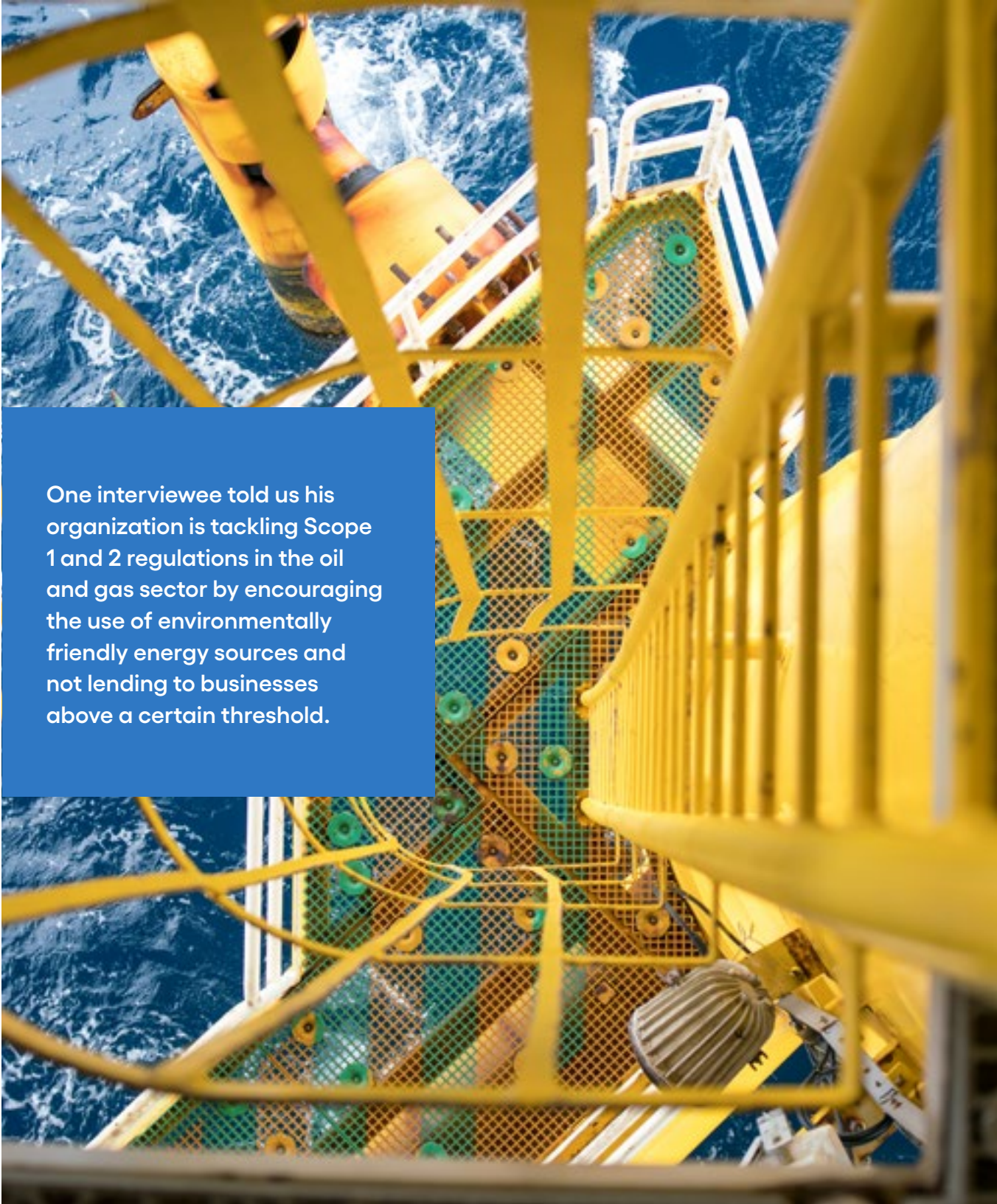
## Tackle financed emissions head-on

**Action item: Develop expertise in invested industries' sustainability challenges and progress.** After [developing a methodology](#) to assess the carbon footprint of the highest emitting sectors in its portfolio, French bank BNP Paribas [announced](#) reduction targets for financed emissions in power generation (30%), upstream oil and gas and refining (10%) and automotive (25%).

Some firms report taking a tailored approach to each sector. For example, one interviewee told us his organization is tackling Scope 1 and 2 regulations in the oil and gas sector by encouraging the use of environmentally friendly energy sources and not lending to businesses above a certain threshold.

**Action item: Employ active ownership to influence invested companies' sustainability practices.** For asset managers, this broadly includes two activities. One is proxy voting, where an asset manager as fiduciary influences the sustainability policies of invested firms. The collective bargaining power of proxy voting can make a significant impact, particularly when asset managers form a consortium with a common goal.

The other is active engagement, when an asset manager interacts with an invested company's executive leadership to encourage them to define, measure and report on sustainability initiatives.



One interviewee told us his organization is tackling Scope 1 and 2 regulations in the oil and gas sector by encouraging the use of environmentally friendly energy sources and not lending to businesses above a certain threshold.



## Final word

The tools for reducing greenhouse gas emissions and improving sustainability in business are here. Will we remember 2023 as the year we put them to work?

We feel sure that leaders in banking and capital markets will find the path forward to tackle not only their own operations and supply chain but also the financed emissions that can make a far greater impact on our world.

The reality is that financial markets play a central role in the effort to build a low-carbon economy and a more sustainable future. We see the sector coming together to support and sustain the global effort. The pieces and parts are there—it will be the winners who assemble them.

What you do next as a leader is critical. Whatever path you take demands accountability and a willingness to step up to address the sustainability challenge.



# About the authors



## John Da Gama-Rose

Head of Banking & Financial Services for Global Growth Markets at Cognizant

John has been a banking and financial services leader for over 28 years. He has extensive experience in banking and financial services, technology, professional services and leading global commercial teams. John has deep domain expertise in capital markets and corporate & transactional banking across EMEA, US & APAC. He is part of the Global Executive Leadership Team for Cognizant global, and is based in London.

**Email:** [John.Dagama-Rose@cognizant.com](mailto:John.Dagama-Rose@cognizant.com)

**LinkedIn:** [uk.linkedin.com/in/jdagamarose](https://uk.linkedin.com/in/jdagamarose)



## Philip Smith

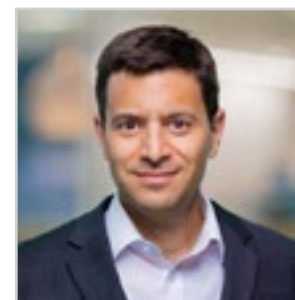
Global Head of Cognizant's Sustainability Advisory Practice

Philip Smith leads Cognizant's Sustainability Advisory Practice globally. The practice leverages industry, digital, technology and business consulting knowledge to support our clients through the strategic, regulatory, organizational, investor and societal pressures triggered by complex sustainability drivers and opportunities.

Philip has spent over 20 years leading teams consulting in multiple vertical and geographic markets and addressing client sustainability challenges through the lenses of policy, regulation, strategy, technology and organizational change.

**Email:** [Philip.Smith@cognizant.com](mailto:Philip.Smith@cognizant.com)

**LinkedIn:** [linkedin.com/in/philip-smith-52ba1528/](https://linkedin.com/in/philip-smith-52ba1528/)



## Eduardo Plastino

Director,  
Cognizant Research

Eduardo drives sustainability and digital transformation research at Cognizant. He applies innovative and multidisciplinary methods to help organizations adapt to new trends and capitalize on emerging opportunities.

With over 20 years of experience, he was previously Head of Accenture Research for Latin America. Also a member of the MIT Technology Review Global Panel and a fellow of the Royal Society for Arts, Manufactures and Commerce (RSA), Eduardo is based in London.

**Email:** [Eduardo.Plastino@cognizant.com](mailto:Eduardo.Plastino@cognizant.com)

**LinkedIn:** [linkedin.com/in/eduardoplastino/](https://linkedin.com/in/eduardoplastino/)



## Acknowledgments

The authors would like to acknowledge the following Cognizant associates for their invaluable contributions to this report: Alexandra Wood, Capital Markets Consulting & Technology Advisory Partner; Sheng Feng Mok, Consulting Director; Yanina Fedyunina, Banking & Financial Services Consulting and ESG Community Leader; and Sumit Srivastava, Capital Markets Consulting lead, Banking and Financial Services, UK.

## Methodology

Cognizant commissioned Oxford Economics to design and conduct a survey of 3,000 C-suite and senior executives from large corporations around the world, including 295 from the financial services industry. Our focus was on those who play a significant role in shaping, contributing to or making final decisions on their organization's environmentally sustainable operations.

The survey was conducted between Q4 2022 and Q1 2023 via computer-assisted telephone interviewing (CATI). All respondents were from organizations with over \$250 million in revenue.

Learn how your business (or you) can become sustainable to the core in our [report](#), “Deep Green: How data, technology and collaboration will drive the next phase of sustainability in business.”

For even more on this topic, visit our [Sustainability & Resilience webpage](#).





## Cognizant Research

At Cognizant Research, we help leaders make sense of today's volatile socio-economic climate. We bring quality research and insights rooted in Cognizant's deep industry and technology expertise, helping leaders make the decisions that fuel their companies' success. Visit us at [cognizant.com/us/en/insights/sustainability-resilience](https://cognizant.com/us/en/insights/sustainability-resilience).

## About Cognizant

Cognizant (Nasdaq-100: CTSI) is one of the world's leading professional services companies, transforming clients' business, operating and technology models for the digital era. Our unique industry-based, consultative approach helps clients envision, build and run more innovative and efficient businesses. Headquartered in the US, Cognizant is ranked 185 on the Fortune 500 and is consistently listed among the most admired companies in the world. Learn how Cognizant helps clients lead with digital at [cognizant.com](https://cognizant.com) or follow us @Cognizant.

### World Headquarters

300 Frank W. Burr Blvd.  
Suite 36, 6th Floor  
Teaneck, NJ 07666 USA  
Phone: +1 201 801 0233  
Fax: +1 201 801 0243  
Toll Free: +1 888 937 3277

### European Headquarters

280 Bishopsgate  
London  
EC2M 4RB  
England  
Tel: +44 (0) 20 7297 7600

### India Operations Headquarters

5/535, Okkiam Thoraiyakkam,  
Old Mahabalipuram Road,  
Chennai 600 096  
Tel: 1-800-208-6999  
Fax: +91 (01) 44 4209 6060

### APAC Headquarters

1 Fusionopolis Link, Level 5  
NEXUS@One-North,  
North Tower Singapore  
138542  
Phone: +65 6812 4000

© Copyright 2023, Cognizant. All rights reserved. No part of this document may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise, without the express written permission of Cognizant. The information contained herein is subject to change without notice. All other trademarks mentioned here in are the property of their respective owners.